National Transportation Safety Board NTSB ID: DCA00MA052 Aircraft Registration Number: N16EJ FACTUAL REPORT Occurrence Date: 05/21/2000 Most Critical Injury: Fatal AVIATION Occurrence Type: Accident Investigated By: NTSB Location/Time Nearest City/Place State Zip Code Local Time Time Zone PΑ 1128 **EDT** Bear Creek Town Distance From Landing Facility: Direction From Airport: Airport Proximity: Off Airport/Airstrip Aircraft Information Summary Aircraft Manufacturer Model/Series Type of Aircraft **British Aerospace** J-3101 Airplane

Air Medical Transport Flight: No

Narrative

Sightseeing Flight: No

Brief narrative statement of facts, conditions and circumstances pertinent to the accident/incident:

The Board's full report is available at http://www.ntsb.gov/publictn/publictn.htm.

On May 21, 2000, about 1128 eastern daylight time (EDT), a British Aerospace Jetstream 3101, N16EJ, operated by East Coast Aviation Services (doing business as Executive Airlines) crashed about 11 miles south of Wilkes-Barre/Scranton International Airport (AVP), Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania. The airplane was destroyed by impact and a postcrash fire, and 17 passengers and two flight crewmembers were killed. The flight was being conducted under 14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 135 as an on-demand charter flight for Caesars Palace Casino in Atlantic City, New Jersey. An instrument flight rules (IFR) flight plan had been filed for the flight from Atlantic City International Airport (ACY) to AVP.

The captain checked in for duty about 0800 at Republic Airport (FRG) in Farmingdale, New York, on the day of the accident. The airplane was originally scheduled to depart FRG at 0900 for ACY and to remain in ACY until 1900, when it was scheduled to return to FRG. While the pilots were conducting preflight inspections, they received a telephone call from Executive Airlines owner and chief executive officer (CEO) advising them that they had been assigned an additional flight from ACY to AVP with a return flight to ACY later in the day, instead of the scheduled break in ACY.

Fuel records at FRG indicated that 90 gallons of fuel were added to the accident airplanes tanks before departure to ACY. According to Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) air traffic control (ATC) records, the flight departed at 0921 (with 12 passengers on board) and arrived in ACY at 0949. According to passenger statements, the captain was the pilot flying from FRG to ACY. After arrival in ACY, the flight crew checked the weather for AVP and filed an IFR flight plan. Fuel facility records at ACY indicated that no additional fuel was added. The accident flight to AVP, which departed ACY about 1030, had been chartered by Caesars Palace. According to ATC records, the flight to AVP was never cleared to fly above 5,000 feet mean sea level (msl).

According to ATC transcripts, the pilots first contacted AVP approach controllers at 1057 and were vectored for an instrument landing system (ILS) approach to runway 4. The flight was cleared for approach at 1102:07, and the approach controller advised the pilots that they were 5 nautical miles (nm) from Crystal Lake, which is the initial approach fix (IAF) for the ILS approach to runway 4. The pilots were told to maintain 4,000 feet until established on the localizer. At 1104:16, the approach controller advised that a previous landingaircraft picked up the airport at minimums [decision altitude]. The pilots were instructed to contact the AVP local (tower) controller at 1105:09, which they did 3 seconds later. The airplane then descended to about 2,200 feet, flew level at 2,200 feet for about 20 seconds, and began to climb again about 2.2 nm from the runway threshold when a missed approach was executed (see the Airplane Performance section for more information).

At 1107:26 the captain reported executing the missed approach but provided no explanation to air

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Narrative (Continued)

traffic controllers. The tower controller informed the North Radar approach controllers of the missed approach and then instructed the accident flight crew to fly runway heading, climb to 4,000 feet, and contact approach control on frequency 124.5 (the procedure published on the approach chart). The pilots reestablished contact with the approach controllers at 1108:04 as they climbed through 3,500 feet to 4,000 feet and requested another ILS approach to runway 4. The flight was vectored for another ILS approach, and at 1110:07 the approach controller advised the pilots of traffic 2 nm miles away at 5,000 feet. The captain responded that they were in the clouds. At 1014:38, the controller directed the pilots to reduce speed to follow a Cessna 172 on approach to the airport, and the captain responded, ok were slowing. The flight was cleared for a second approach at 1120:45 and advised to maintain 4,000 feet until the airplane was established on the localizer.

At 1123:49 the captain transmitted, for uh one six echo juliet wed like to declare an emergency. At 1123:53, the approach controller asked the nature of the problem, and the captain responded, engine failure. The approach controller acknowledged the information, informed the pilots that the airplane appeared to be south of the localizer (off course to the right), and asked if they wanted a vector back to the localizer course. The flight crew accepted, and at 1124:10 the controller directed a left turn to heading 010, which the captain acknowledged. At 1124:33, the controller asked for verification that the airplane was turning left. The captain responded, were trying six echo juliet. At 1124:38, the controller asked if a right turn would be better. The captain asked the controller to stand by. At 1125:07, the controller advised the pilots that the minimum vectoring altitude (MVA) in the area was 3,300 feet. At 1125:12, the captain transmitted, standby for six echo juliet tell them we lost both engines for six echo juliet. At that time, ATC radar data indicated that the airplane was descending through 3,000 feet.

The controller immediately issued the weather conditions in the vicinity of the airport and informed the flight crew about the location of nearby highways. At 1126:17, the captain asked, hows the altitude look for where were at. The controller responded that he was not showing an altitude readout from the airplane and issued the visibility (2.5 miles) and altimeter setting. At 1126:43, the captain transmitted, just give us a vector back to the airport please. The controller cleared the accident flight to fly heading 340, advised the flight crew that radar contact was lost, and asked the pilots to verify their altitude. The captain responded that they were level at 2,000. At 1126:54, the controller again advised the flight crew of the 3,300-foot MVA and suggested a 330 heading to bring the airplane back to the localizer. At 1127:14 the controller asked, do you have any engines, and the captain responded that they appeared to have gotten back the left engine now. At 1127:23, the controller informed the pilots that he saw them on radar at 2,000 feet and that there was a ridgeline between them and the airport. The captain responded, thats us and were at 2,000 feet over the trees. The controller instructed the pilots to fly a 360 heading and advised them of high antennas about 2 nm west of their position.

At 1127:46, the captain transmitted, were losing both engines. Two seconds later the controller advised that the Pennsylvania Turnpike was right below the airplane and instructed the flight crew to let me know if you can get your engines back. There was no further radio contact with the accident airplane. The ATC supervisor initiated emergency notification procedures. A Pennsylvania State Police helicopter located the wreckage about 1236, and emergency rescue units arrived at the accident site about 1306. The accident occurred in daylight instrument meteorological conditions (IMC). The location of the accident was 41 9 minutes, 23 seconds north latitude, 75 45 minutes, 53 seconds west longitude, about 11 miles south of the airport at an elevation of 1,755 feet msl.

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AVIATION Occu			rrence Type									
Landing Facility/Approach In	formation	•										
Airport Name			Airport ID:	Airport Eleva	ition	Run	way Used	Runwa	Runway Length		Runv	vay Width
Wilkes-Barre Scranton Int'l			AVP	962 Ft	. MSL							
Runway Surface Type:												
Runway Surface Condition:												
Type Instrument Approach: ILS-co	omplete											
VFR Approach/Landing: None												
Aircraft Information												
Aircraft Manufacturer				l/Series						Number		
British Aerospace			J-31	01					834			
Airworthiness Certificate(s):												
Landing Gear Type: Retractable	- Tricycle											
Homebuilt Aircraft? No	Homebuilt Aircraft? No Number of Seats: 19				Certified Max Gross Wt.					er of Engines: 2		: 2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Engine Manufacturer: Model/Series: TPE331-10UGR						R	Rated Power: 900 HP		
- Aircraft Inspection Information												
Type of Last Inspection Da			Date of Last Inspection Time Since				nce Last Insp	ection		Airfran	ne To	tal Time
100 Hour			03/2000 Hours						ours	Hours		
- Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) Information											
ELT Installed?	ELT Operat	ed?		ELT Aided in Locating Accident Site?								
Owner/Operator Information												
Registered Aircraft Owner Street Address Hangar #3, Route 109, Republic Airport												
East Coast Aviation Services			City								е	Zip Code
				Farmingdale NY 11735 Street Address								
Operator of Aircraft Same as Reg'd Aircraft Owner												
Same as Reg'd Aircraft Owner			City						Stat	е	Zip Code	
Operator Does Business As: Executive Airlines				Operator Designator Code:								
- Type of U.S. Certificate(s) Held:						-						
Air Carrier Operating Certificate(s)	On-demand Air	Гахі										
Operating Certificate:				Operator (Certific	ate:						
Regulation Flight Conducted Unde	r: Part 135: Air Ta	ıxi & C	ommuter									
Type of Flight Operation Conducted				enger Only								
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AVIATI	Occurrence Type: Accident												
First Pilot Information													
Name City State Date of Birth										Age			
On File							(On File	34				
Sex: M Seat Occupied: Principal Profession: Certificate Number:													
Certificate(s): Airline Transport													
Airplane Rating(s): Multi-engine Land; Single-engine Land													
Rotorcraft/Glider/LTA:													
Instrument Rating(s): Airpl	lane												
Instructor Rating(s):													
Type Rating/Endorsement for	or Accident/In	cident Aircra	ft?			С	urrent B	Biennial F	light R	eview	/ ?		
Medical Cert.:	Medica	al Cert. Status	S:					Dat	e of La	st Me	edical Exa	am:	
	-							_					
- Flight Time Matrix	Flight Time Matrix All A/C This Make and Model s			Airplane Mult-Engine	Night		Actual	Instrument ual Simula		Rotorcraft		Glider	Lighter Than Air
Total Time	8500	5674											
Pilot In Command(PIC)	5000	1874								\bot			
Instructor										+			
Last 90 Days Last 30 Days		65			-					+			
Last 30 Days Last 24 Hours										+			
Seatbelt Used?	Shou	lder Harness	Llsed?	l	<u> </u>	Toxico	ology Pe	erformed	?		Sec	ond Pilot? Ye	
Ocalbeit Osca:	31100	ilder Hamess	USEU:				ology i c	- Indiffica			1000		
Flight Plan/Itinerary													
Type of Flight Plan Filed: IF	R												
							Time Zone						
Atlantic City						NJ				1030			EDT
Destination	Destination State Airport Identifier												
						AVP							
Type of Clearance: IFR					•		•						
Type of Airspace:													
Weather Information													
Source of Briefing:													
Method of Briefing:													
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Weather Information												
WOF ID	Observation Time	Time Zone	WOF Ele	/ation	Wo	OF Distance From A	stance From Accident Site			Direction From Accident Site		
AVP	1123	EDT	962	Ft. MSL				9 NM		360 Deg. Mag.		
Sky/Lowes	st Cloud Condition:				Ft. AGL	. Co	Condition of Light: Day					
Lowest Ce	owest Ceiling: Broken 500 Ft. AGL Vi					Visibility: 2	2.5	SM Altimeter: 30.04			30.04	"Hg
Temperatu	ıre: 11 °C	Dew Point:	11 °	C Wind	Direc	ction: 260	Density Altitude: 600 Ft					Ft.
Wind Spee	ed: 3	Gusts: Weather Conditions at Accident Site: Instrument Conditions										
Visibility (F	RVR): Ft.	Visibility	y (RVV)	SM	Inte	ensity of Precipitation	ion: Ligh	ht				
Restrictions to Visibility: None												
Type of Precipitation: Drizzle												
Accident	Information											
Aircraft Damage: Destroyed Aircraft Fire: Ground Aircraft Explosion Non						n None						
Classificati	on: U.S. Registered/U	I.S. Soil										
- Injury Su	mmary Matrix	Fatal	Serious I	/linor	None	e TOTAL						
First Pi	lot	1				1						
Second	d Pilot	1				1						
Studen	t Pilot											
Flight I	nstructor											
Check	Pilot											
Flight E	Engineer											
Cabin A	Attendants											
Other C	Crew											
Passer	ngers	17				17						
- TOTAL A	ABOARD -	19				19						
Other 0	Ground											
- GRANE	TOTAL -	19				19						

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Additional Persons Participating in This Accident/Incid	ent investigation.	
Frank Hilldrup	and have all and have	
Investigator-In-Charge (IIC)		
Administrative Information		
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